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# Chapter 1

## Networking

In this chapter, you will learn how to send data over the network using the ROOT socket classes.

### 1.1 Setting-up a Connection

*On the serverside*, we create a **TServerSocket** to wait for a connection request over the network. If the request is accepted, it returns a full-duplex socket. Once the connection is accepted, we can communicate to the client that we are ready to go by sending the string “go”, and we can close the server socket.

```
{ // server
  TServerSocket *ss = new TServerSocket(9090,kTRUE);
  TSocket *socket = ss->Accept();
  socket->Send("go");
  ss->Close();
}
```

*On the clientside*, we create a socket and ask the socket to receive input.

```
{ // client
  TSocket *socket = new TSocket("localhost",9090);
  Char str[32];
  socket->Recv(str,32);
}
```

### 1.2 Sending Objects over the Network

We have just established a connection and you just saw how to send and receive a string with the example “go”. Now let’s send a histogram.

*To send an object (in our case on the client side)* it has to derive from **TObject** class because it uses the **Streamers** to fill a buffer that is then sent over the connection. On the receiving side, the **Streamers** are used to read the object from the message sent via the socket. For network communication, we have a specialized **TBuffer**, a descendant of **TBuffer** called **TMessage**. In the following example, we create a **TMessage** with the intention to store an object, hence the constant **kMESS\_OBJECT** in the constructor. We create and fill the histogram and write it into the message. Then we call **TSocket::Send** to send the message with the histogram.

```
...
// create an object to be sent
TH1F *hpx = new TH1F("hpx","px distribution",100,-4,4);
hpx->FillRandom("gaus",1000);

// create a TMessage to send the object
TMessage message(kMESS_OBJECT);
```



```
{
  TServerSocket *ss = new TServerSocket (9090, kTRUE);

  // Accept a connection and return a full-duplex communication socket.
  TSocket *s0 = ss->Accept();
  TSocket *s1 = ss->Accept();

  // tell the clients to start
  s0->Send("go 0");
  s1->Send("go 1");

  // Close the server socket (unless we will use it
  // later to wait for another connection).
  ss->Close();

  TMonitor *mon = new TMonitor;
  mon->Add(s0);
  mon->Add(s1);

  while (1) {
    TMessage *mess;
    TSocket *s;
    s = mon->Select();
    s->Recv(mess);
    ...
  }
}
```

The full code for the example above is in `$ROOTSYS/tutorials/net/hserv.C` and `$ROOTSYS/tutorials/net/hclient.C`.